

Acta Crystallographica Section E

## Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

## 3-Chlorobenzohydrazide

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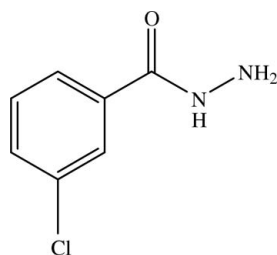
Received 19 July 2010; accepted 23 July 2010

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 296$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.049;  $wR$  factor = 0.121; data-to-parameter ratio = 17.2.

In the title compound,  $\text{C}_7\text{H}_7\text{ClN}_2\text{O}$ , the hydrazide group is inclined at a dihedral angle of  $32.30(11)^\circ$  with respect to the benzene ring. The amino H atoms form intermolecular  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds with the O atoms of two adjacent molecules, resulting in 10-membered rings of graph-set motif  $R_2^2(10)$ . The imino H atom is also involved in an intermolecular hydrogen bond with an amino N atom of a symmetry-related molecule, resulting in a zigzag chain along the  $b$  axis. The structure is further consolidated by an intramolecular  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  interaction, which results in a five-membered ring.

## Related literature

For the biological activity of hydrazides, see: Ashiq, Ara *et al.* (2008); Ara *et al.* (2007); Maqsood *et al.* (2006); For related structures, see: Ashiq, Jamal *et al.* (2008); Jamal *et al.* (2008, 2009); Kallel *et al.* (1992); Ratajczak *et al.* (2001); Saraogi *et al.* (2002). For graph-set notation of hydrogen-bond motifs, see: (Bernstein *et al.* 1995).



## Experimental

## Crystal data

$\text{C}_7\text{H}_7\text{ClN}_2\text{O}$   
 $M_r = 170.60$   
 Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 16.2005(15)$  Å  
 $b = 3.8165(4)$  Å  
 $c = 12.7646(13)$  Å  
 $\beta = 108.030(5)^\circ$

$V = 750.47(13)$  Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.45$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 296$  K  
 $0.43 \times 0.21 \times 0.17$  mm

## Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2005)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.832$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.928$

8144 measured reflections  
 1881 independent reflections  
 1101 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.053$

## Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.049$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.121$   
 $S = 1.01$   
 1880 reflections  
 109 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.23$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.30$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N2}-\text{H2N}\cdots\text{O1}$	0.90 (3)	2.45 (3)	2.766 (3)	101 (2)
$\text{N1}-\text{H1N}\cdots\text{N2}^{\text{i}}$	0.87 (3)	2.11 (3)	2.955 (3)	162 (2)
$\text{N2}-\text{H3N}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{ii}}$	0.86 (3)	2.24 (3)	3.091 (3)	171 (2)
$\text{N2}-\text{H2N}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{iii}}$	0.90 (3)	2.25 (3)	2.935 (3)	133 (2)

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (ii)  $-x, -y + 2, -z + 1$ ; (iii)  $-x, -y + 1, -z + 1$ .

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

The authors thank the Higher Education Commission Pakistan for providing the diffractometer at GCU, Lahore, and BANA International for the data collection.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: PV2308).

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**supplementary materials**

*Acta Cryst.* (2010). E66, o2169 [ doi:10.1107/S1600536810029508 ]

### 3-Chlorobenzohydrazide

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#### Comment

Hydrazides are known to have different biological activities (Ashiq, Ara *et al.*, 2008; Ara *et al.*, 2007). In order to study the biological activity of 3-chlorobenzohydrazide, we undertook the synthesis of the title compound and report its crystal structure in this paper. The title compound was found to be antifungal (Maqsood *et al.*, 2006). The structures of benzhydrazide (Kallel *et al.*, 1992), and its *p*-chloro (Saraogi *et al.*, 2002), *m*-methoxy (Jamal *et al.*, 2009), *m*-nitro (Ratajczak *et al.* 2001), *p*-bromo (Ashiq, Jamal *et al.*, 2008) and *p*-iodo (Jamal *et al.*, 2008) analogues have been reported.

The bond lengths and bond angles in the title compound (Fig. 1) are comparable with the corresponding distances and angles reported in its analogues quoted above. The hydrazide moiety, C7/O1/N1/N2, is oriented at a dihedral angle of 32.30 (11)° with respect to the plane of benzene ring C1–C6. The H atoms bonded to N2 form intermolecular hydrogen bonds of the type N–H···O with O atoms of two adjacent molecules, resulting in 10-membered rings which may be assigned to R<sub>2</sub><sup>2</sup>(10) motif in graph set notation (Bernstein *et al.*, 1995). The H-atom bonded to N1 is also involved in an intermolecular hydrogen bond with N2, linking the molecules into a zigzag chain along the *b* axis (Tab. 1 and Fig. 2). The structure is further stabilized by an intramolecular interaction, N2–H2···O1, resulting in a five membered ring in S(5) motif (Bernstein *et al.*, 1995).

#### Experimental

All reagent-grade chemicals were obtained from Aldrich and Sigma Chemical companies and were used without further purification. To a solution of ethyl-3-chlorobenzoate (3.69 g, 20 mmol) in 75 ml ethanol, hydrazine hydrate (5.0 ml, 100 mmol) was added. The mixture was refluxed for 5 h and a solid was obtained upon removal of the solvent by rotary evaporation. The resulting solid was washed with hexane to afford the title compound (yield 75%). The crystals of the title compound suitable for crystallographic study were grown from a solution of methanol by slow evaporation at room temperature.

#### Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically, with C–H = 0.93 Å for aromatic and constrained to ride on their parent atoms. The H-atoms attached to N1 and N2 were taken from Fourier maps and their coordinates were refined. The thermal parameters, *U*<sub>iso</sub>, of H-atoms were allowed at 1.2 times of the *U*<sub>eq</sub> of their parent atoms.

## Figures

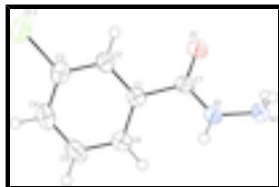


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound with displacement ellipsoids drawn at 50% probability level.

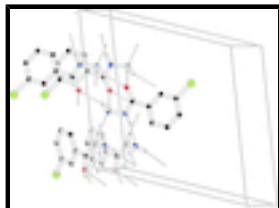


Fig. 2. A packing diagram of the title compound; hydrogen bonds are shown by dashed lines.

## 3-Chlorobenzohydrazide

### Crystal data

$C_7H_7ClN_2O$

$M_r = 170.60$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol:  $-P\ 2ybc$

$a = 16.2005\ (15)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 3.8165\ (4)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 12.7646\ (13)\ \text{\AA}$

$\beta = 108.030\ (5)^\circ$

$V = 750.47\ (13)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 352$

$D_x = 1.510\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$

Cell parameters from 1323 reflections

$\theta = 3.2\text{--}23.3^\circ$

$\mu = 0.45\ \text{mm}^{-1}$

$T = 296\ \text{K}$

Needle, colorless

$0.43 \times 0.21 \times 0.17\ \text{mm}$

### Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD  
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
graphite

$\omega$  scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2005)

$T_{\min} = 0.832$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.928$

8144 measured reflections

1881 independent reflections

1101 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.053$

$\theta_{\max} = 28.5^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 1.3^\circ$

$h = -21 \rightarrow 21$

$k = -5 \rightarrow 5$

$l = -17 \rightarrow 17$

### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$

Least-squares matrix: full

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct  
methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

$$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.049$$

$$wR(F^2) = 0.121$$

$$S = 1.01$$

1880 reflections

109 parameters

0 restraints

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0424P)^2 + 0.4337P]$$

$$\text{where } P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$$

$$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.23 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.30 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

### Special details

**Experimental.** the reflection 1 0 0 has been obscured by the beam stop so it was omitted in the final refinement

**Geometry.** All s.u.'s (except the s.u. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell s.u.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of s.u.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between s.u.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell s.u.'s is used for estimating s.u.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

### Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C11	0.43417 (4)	1.3067 (2)	0.63671 (7)	0.0544 (3)
O1	0.11735 (11)	0.7193 (5)	0.53677 (14)	0.0392 (5)
N1	0.05596 (12)	0.8834 (6)	0.36054 (17)	0.0336 (5)
H1N	0.0600 (15)	0.987 (8)	0.301 (2)	0.040*
N2	-0.02733 (13)	0.7486 (7)	0.35190 (18)	0.0352 (6)
H3N	-0.0560 (16)	0.902 (8)	0.376 (2)	0.042*
H2N	-0.0219 (16)	0.571 (8)	0.399 (2)	0.042*
C1	0.20977 (14)	0.9403 (7)	0.43785 (19)	0.0295 (6)
C2	0.27380 (15)	1.0618 (7)	0.5299 (2)	0.0331 (6)
H2	0.2629	1.0822	0.5971	0.040*
C3	0.35388 (15)	1.1523 (7)	0.5212 (2)	0.0365 (6)
C4	0.37114 (17)	1.1191 (8)	0.4231 (2)	0.0445 (7)
H4	0.4252	1.1827	0.4180	0.053*
C5	0.30846 (17)	0.9917 (9)	0.3325 (2)	0.0472 (8)
H5	0.3205	0.9645	0.2663	0.057*
C6	0.22744 (16)	0.9033 (8)	0.3388 (2)	0.0380 (7)
H6	0.1849	0.8194	0.2768	0.046*
C7	0.12403 (15)	0.8398 (7)	0.45054 (19)	0.0286 (5)

### Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
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## supplementary materials

C11	0.0334 (3)	0.0599 (5)	0.0633 (5)	-0.0054 (3)	0.0055 (3)	-0.0109 (4)
O1	0.0392 (9)	0.0492 (13)	0.0309 (9)	-0.0036 (9)	0.0133 (7)	0.0086 (9)
N1	0.0321 (11)	0.0414 (15)	0.0281 (11)	-0.0062 (10)	0.0106 (9)	0.0069 (10)
N2	0.0312 (11)	0.0440 (17)	0.0331 (12)	-0.0057 (10)	0.0138 (9)	-0.0015 (11)
C1	0.0310 (12)	0.0254 (14)	0.0336 (13)	0.0014 (10)	0.0120 (10)	0.0031 (11)
C2	0.0338 (12)	0.0323 (16)	0.0351 (14)	-0.0003 (11)	0.0131 (11)	0.0021 (12)
C3	0.0305 (12)	0.0293 (16)	0.0469 (16)	0.0012 (11)	0.0081 (11)	0.0013 (13)
C4	0.0319 (13)	0.0456 (19)	0.0609 (19)	0.0030 (13)	0.0216 (13)	0.0055 (15)
C5	0.0458 (16)	0.058 (2)	0.0472 (17)	0.0028 (15)	0.0282 (13)	0.0043 (16)
C6	0.0369 (13)	0.0451 (19)	0.0340 (14)	-0.0006 (13)	0.0138 (11)	-0.0019 (13)
C7	0.0342 (12)	0.0253 (14)	0.0288 (12)	-0.0008 (11)	0.0132 (10)	-0.0018 (11)

### Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

C11—C3	1.740 (3)	C1—C7	1.497 (3)
O1—C7	1.228 (3)	C2—C3	1.380 (3)
N1—C7	1.334 (3)	C2—H2	0.9300
N1—N2	1.416 (3)	C3—C4	1.371 (4)
N1—H1N	0.87 (3)	C4—C5	1.370 (4)
N2—H3N	0.86 (3)	C4—H4	0.9300
N2—H2N	0.90 (3)	C5—C6	1.381 (3)
C1—C2	1.385 (3)	C5—H5	0.9300
C1—C6	1.387 (3)	C6—H6	0.9300
C7—N1—N2	122.4 (2)	C2—C3—C11	119.4 (2)
C7—N1—H1N	122.6 (16)	C3—C4—C5	119.7 (2)
N2—N1—H1N	114.9 (16)	C3—C4—H4	120.1
N1—N2—H3N	109.4 (19)	C5—C4—H4	120.1
N1—N2—H2N	109.3 (16)	C4—C5—C6	120.5 (3)
H3N—N2—H2N	103 (3)	C4—C5—H5	119.8
C2—C1—C6	119.7 (2)	C6—C5—H5	119.8
C2—C1—C7	118.0 (2)	C5—C6—C1	119.7 (2)
C6—C1—C7	122.2 (2)	C5—C6—H6	120.1
C3—C2—C1	119.4 (2)	C1—C6—H6	120.1
C3—C2—H2	120.3	O1—C7—N1	122.7 (2)
C1—C2—H2	120.3	O1—C7—C1	122.3 (2)
C4—C3—C2	120.9 (2)	N1—C7—C1	115.0 (2)
C4—C3—C11	119.7 (2)		
C6—C1—C2—C3	1.5 (4)	C2—C1—C6—C5	-0.7 (4)
C7—C1—C2—C3	179.2 (2)	C7—C1—C6—C5	-178.3 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.9 (4)	N2—N1—C7—O1	-9.3 (4)
C1—C2—C3—C11	179.7 (2)	N2—N1—C7—C1	169.2 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.5 (4)	C2—C1—C7—O1	-31.5 (4)
C11—C3—C4—C5	178.9 (2)	C6—C1—C7—O1	146.2 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C6	1.3 (5)	C2—C1—C7—N1	150.0 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.7 (5)	C6—C1—C7—N1	-32.3 (4)

### Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

D—H $\cdots$ A	D—H	H $\cdots$ A	D $\cdots$ A	D—H $\cdots$ A
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N2—H2N···O1	0.90 (3)	2.45 (3)	2.766 (3)	101 (2)
N1—H1N···N2 <sup>i</sup>	0.87 (3)	2.11 (3)	2.955 (3)	162 (2)
N2—H3N···O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.86 (3)	2.24 (3)	3.091 (3)	171 (2)
N2—H2N···O1 <sup>iii</sup>	0.90 (3)	2.25 (3)	2.935 (3)	133 (2)

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x, y+1/2, -z+1/2$ ; (ii)  $-x, -y+2, -z+1$ ; (iii)  $-x, -y+1, -z+1$ .

Fig. 1

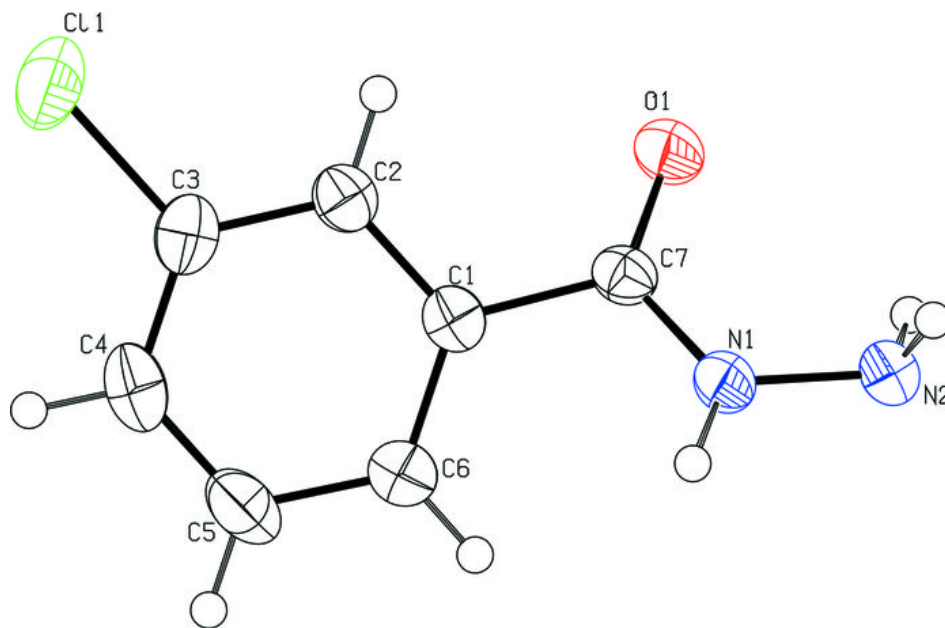




Fig. 2

